

# 2023 **Drinking Water Quality Report**

(Consumer Confidence Report)



# What's inside?

This is an annual, overall summary report of the water quality in your area that explains the source of your water, test results and general information for those with health concerns. The analysis was made using the data from the most recent U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) required tests and is presented in the attached pages. We hope this information helps you become more knowledgeable about what's in your drinking water. If you have any questions concerning water quality or the source of your water, please call our Regulatory Department at (512) 219-2294.

## Our drinking water meets or exceeds all federal (EPA) drinking water requirements.

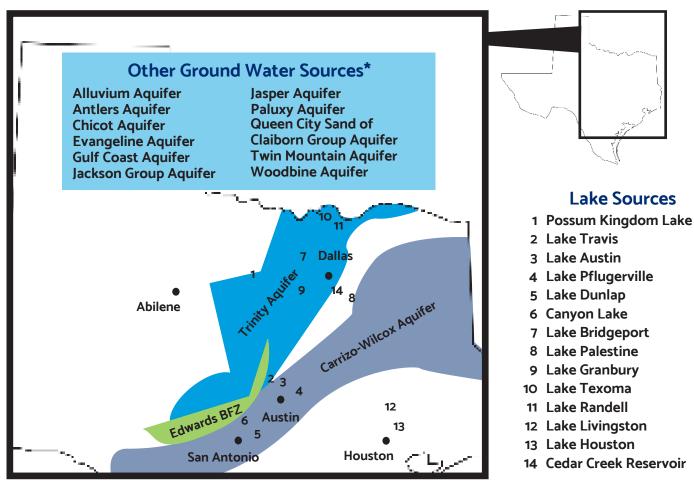
Special Notice for the ELDERLY, INFANTS, CANCER PA-TIENTS, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune problems: You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly or immune-compromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; those who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care provider. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

En Espanol: Este informe incluye información importante sobre el agua potable. Si tiene preguntas o comentarios sobre éste informe en espanol, favor de llamar al tel 1-866-654-7992 para hablar con una persona bilingue en espanol.

P.W.S.







## \*These aquifers were too small to put on this map, but check them out online!

# Your Water Source

# **Stay Informed: Customer Resources**



Sign up for email and text alerts within your customer portal - swwc.com/myaccount

View your neighborhood status swwc.com/texas/neighborhood-dashboard

Want to learn about infrastructure projects happening in your area? Visit the System Improvement Project page. swwc.com/texas/system-improvement

Public Participation Opportunities: The Utility does not hold regularly scheduled meetings. However, if you wish to contact the owners, please call our Customer Care at 866-654-7992.

## What is ground water?

The water found underground in the cracks and spaces in soil, sand and rock. It is stored in and moves slow through geologic formations of soil, sand and rocks called aquifers.

## What's the water quality before treatment?

The ground water we use has less contaminants than surface water because there is not much human interaction. Therefore, the water does not require as much filtration as our surface water.

## Why are there contaminants?

As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals, and in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water before treatment include: microbes, inorganic contaminants, pesticides, herbicides, radioactive contaminants, and organic chemical contaminants. Therefore, **all drinking water may contain containinants**. The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) completed an assessment of our source water and the results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for our water system are based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detection of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system, please contact us.

# HOW IS GROUND WATER TREATED?



## **Starts With the Source**

Water comes in pumped through a well from your local aquifer.

#### **Cleaning the Water**

Water is treated and sanitized with chlorine. This process is called chlorination. It is an effective way to kill naturally-occuring germs in ground water, and is a common practice by most systems.



#### **Ends at Your Tap**

Once the water has been cleaned, it goes into a ground storage tank and is ready for you to turn on your tap.



# What are the charts about?

The charts on the pages that follow list all of the federally regulated or monitored contaminents which have been found in your drinking water. The U.S. EPA requires water systems to test for up to 97 contaminants.

# How to read the charts:

From left to right, you will see the year the water was required to be tested, the contaminant we tested for, the amount detected within the water, the acceptable level developed by the EPA, and the source of the mentioned contaminant. For an even more detailed explanation, below are the definitions of the terms used within the charts.



## Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety before the contaminant reaches a harmful level.

#### **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)**

The highest allowable level of a contaminant in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as possible using the best available treatment technology.

## Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

## Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)

The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that an addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

## **Treatment Technique (TT)**

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

## **Action Level (AL)**

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

#### **Secondary Constituents**

Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium or iron) which are often found in drinking water can cause taste, color, and odor problems. The taste and odor constituents are called secondary constituents and are regulated by the State of Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not causes for health concern. Therefore, secondaries are not required to be reported in this document but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water.

## **Abbreviations**

- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- MFL million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)
- pCi/L picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
- ppm parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
- ppb parts per billion, or micrograms per liter ( $\mu q / L$ )
- ppt parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter
- ppq parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter

Want more day-to-day water facts and info?

Visit: swwc.com/h2ome

#### Inorganic Contaminants

| Year | Contaminant       | Our<br>Average<br>Level | Minimum<br>Level | Maximum<br>Level | MCL | MCLG | Typical Source  |
|------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|------|---|
| 2023 | Fluoride<br>(ppm) | 0.14                    | 0.14             | 0.14             | 4   | 4    | Erosion of natural deposits; water<br>additive which promotes strong teeth;<br>discharge from fertilizer and aluminum<br>factories. |
| 2023 | Nitrate<br>(ppm)  | 0.61                    | 0.61             | 0.61             | 10  | 10   | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching<br>from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of<br>natural deposits.                                  |

#### Radioactive Contaminants TESTING WAIVED, NOT REPORTED, OR NONE DETECTED

#### Organic Contaminants TESTING WAIVED, NOT REPORTED, OR NONE DETECTED

| Maximum R | aximum Residual Disinfectant Level |                         |                  |                  |      |       |                                       |  |  |
|-----------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|------|-------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Year      | Disinfectant                       | Our<br>Average<br>Level | Minimum<br>Level | Maximum<br>Level | MRDL | MRDLG | Typical Source                        |  |  |
| 2023      | Chlorine<br>Residual<br>(ppm)      | 1.73                    | 0.42             | 3.73             | 4.00 | 4.00  | Disinfectant used to control microbes |  |  |

#### Unregulated Initial Distribution system Evaluation for Disinfection Byproducts (DBP2) TESTING WAIVED, NOT REPORTED, OR NONE DETECTED

#### Unregulated Contaminants TESTING WAIVED, NOT REPORTED, OR NONE DETECTED

TurbidityNOT REQUIREDTotal ColiformREPORTED MONTHLY TESTS FOUND NO TOTAL COLIFORM BACTERIAFecal ColiformREPORTED MONTHLY TESTS FOUND NO FECAL COLIFORM BACTERIA

#### Secondary and Other Constituents Not Regulated (No associated adverse health effects)

| Year | Contaminant                     | Our<br>Average<br>Level | Minimum<br>Level | Maximum<br>Level | Limit | Typical Source   |
|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|--|
| 2023 | Chloride (ppm)                  | 44                      | 44               | 44               | 300   | Abundant naturally occurring element;<br>used in water purification; byproduct of<br>oil field activity. |
| 2023 | lron<br>(ppm)                   | 0.022                   | 0.022            | 0.022            | 0.3   | Erosion of natural deposits; iron or steel<br>water delivery equipment or facilities.                    |
| 2023 | Sulfate (ppm)                   | 3                       | 3                | 3                | 300   | Naturally occurring; common industrial<br>byproduct; byproduct of oil field activity.                    |
| 2023 | Total Dissolved<br>Solids (ppm) | 275                     | 275              | 275              | 1000  | Total dissolved mineral constituents in<br>water.  |
| 2023 | Zinc (ppm)                      | 0.0235                  | 0.0235           | 0.0235           | 5     | Moderately abundant naturally<br>occurring element; used in the metal<br>industry.                       |